

# Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2015

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA0) Paper 1F

Pearson Edexcel Level1/Level 2 Certificate Mathematics A (KMA0) Paper 1F



# **Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications**

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at <u>www.edexcel.com</u> or <u>www.btec.co.uk</u>. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at <u>www.edexcel.com/contactus</u>.

## Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: <u>www.pearson.com/uk</u>

Summer 2015 Publications Code UG042071 All the material in this publication is copyright © Pearson Education Ltd 2015

## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
  - $\circ$  M marks: method marks
  - A marks: accuracy marks
  - B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- Abbreviations
  - cao correct answer only
  - ft follow through
  - isw ignore subsequent working
  - SC special case
  - oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
  - $\circ$  dep dependent
  - $\circ$  indep independent
  - eeoo each error or omission
  - $\circ$  awrt –answer which rounds to

# • No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

# • With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

# • Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

## • Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another. For all questions, the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1	(a)		98 384 483 498 530	1	B1
	(b)		483	1	B1
	(c)		530	1	B1
	(d)		432	1	B1 or ft from (a) accept -432
					Total 4 marks

<b>2</b> (i)	evens	3	B1
(ii)	unlikely		B1
(iii)	impossible		B1
			Total 3 marks

<b>3</b> (a)	4800	1	B1	
(b)	6000	1	B1 accept 6 thousand(s), 1000, thousand	
				Total 2 marks

4	(a)		Radius	1	B1
	(b)		Sector	1	B1
	(c)	$\frac{60}{360}$		2	M1 oe
			$\frac{1}{6}$		A1
					Total 4 marks

5	(a)		(5, 1)	1	B1
	(b)		57	1	B1 55 - 59
	(c)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 4$		2	M1 or evidence of counting squares
			8		A1
					SC If M0 then B1 for $6 \le \text{area} \le 10$ )
	(d)		D marked at $(1,4)$	1	B1
					Total 5 marks

<b>6</b> (a)	35	1	B1
(b)	-15	1	B1
(c)	24	1	B1
(d)		2	M1 for $5x + 20$ oe
	y = 5x + 20		A1 oe
			Total 5 marks

<b>7</b> (a)	25 × 17.5(0) (= 437.5(0)) or 437 or 438		3	M1	
	"437.5" $\div$ 50 (= 8.75) or 50 $\times$ 9 or 50 $\times$ 8			M1 dep	
		9		A1	
(b)			2	M1 for a complete method ;	
	50 – ("437.5" – 400) oe			only ft from an integer answer to (a)	
		12.50		A1 ft providing answer is positive. Accept 12.5	
				Tota	al 5 marks

8	(a)		14	1	B1
	(b)		2	1	B1
	(c)	26 + 19 + 11 + 9 (at least 3 correct) or		2	M1
		14 + 12 + 12 + 7 + 4 + 7 + 4 + 5 (at least 6 correct)			
			65		A1
	(d)	$\frac{26}{65''} \times 100$ oe		2	M1 ft from (a)
			40		A1 ft from (c) provided working seen (at least 2 sig figs)
					Total 6 marks

9	(a)	Correct drawing	1	B1
	(b)	17 21	1	B1
	(c)	29	1	B1
	(d)	37	1	B1
	(e)	10	1	B1
				Total 5 marks

10	Angle $ECB = 70$ or Angle $ECB = 180 - 110$ or		3	M1 for correct method to find any angle in diagram
	Angle $CBE = 72$ or Angle $CBE = 110 - 38$ or Angle $CBE = 180 - (70 + 38)$ or Angle $AFB = 60$ or Angle $FAB = 60$ or Angle $FBA = 60$			NB: Accept <i>A</i> in place of <i>FAB</i> ; accept <i>F</i> in place of <i>AFB</i>
	eg (Angle <i>FBE</i> =) 180 - 60 - 72	48		M1 for a complete correct method A1
				Total 3 marks

11	(a)	$8 \times 4 + 15$ oe		2	M1
			47		A1
	(b)	$(71-15) \div 8$ or 7 x 8 + 15 (=71) oe		2	M1 condone missing brackets
			7		A1
					Total 4 marks

12	(a)	$4 \times 7 - 5 \times 4$ oe or		2	M1
		28 or -20			
			8		A1
	(b)	100 = 4x - 110 or		2	M1
		100 + 110 (=210)			
			52.5		A1 or $52\frac{1}{2}$
	(c)	$4 \times 6t - 5 \times 2t$ oe or		2	M1
		$4 \times 6t - 5 \times 2t$ oe or $4 \times 6t$ oe and (-) $5 \times 2t$ oe			
			14 <i>t</i>		A1 accept $14 \times t$
					Total 6 marks

13	(a)	100 - 48 (=52)		3	M1
		$\frac{"52"}{100} \times 34 (0)$ oe or			M1 dep
		digits 1768			
			17.68		A1 accept 17 680 000
					accept 18, 18 000 000, 17.7, 17 7000 000 if M2 awarded
		Alternative			
		$\frac{48}{100} \times 34 \ (0) \ oe \ or$			M1 $\frac{48}{100} \times 34 (0)$
					100
		digits 1632			
		34 000 000 – "16 320 000" or			M1 dep
		34 – 16.32			
			17.69		A1 accept 17 680 000
			17.68		A1 accept 17 680 000
			10	1	accept 18, 18 000 000, 17.7, 17 7000 000 if M2 awarded
	(b)			1	B1 oe
			100		
	(c)		0.48	1	B1
					Total 5 marks

14 (a)		$10\frac{1}{2}$ hrs	2	B2 for $10\frac{1}{2}$ hrs or 10.5 hrs or ( (B1 for 'correct time' but units missing Eg. $10\frac{1}{2}$ , 630, 10:30, 10:30 m	s incorrect, partially correct or
(b)	$12 \times 16 (= 192)$ or $16 \times 1.852 (= 29.632)$ or $12 \times 1.852 (= 22.224)$		3	M1	M2 for 12 × 16 × 1.852
	192 × "1.852" or 12 × "29.632" or 16 × "22.224"			M1 dep	
		356		A1 answer in range 355 – 356	
					Total 5 marks

15	$345 \div 200 (=1.725)$ or $345 \times 100 (=34500)$		3	M1 for a correct units conversion (×100) or ÷200
	"1.725" × 100 or "34500" ÷ 200			M1 for a correct units conversion ( $\times 100$ ) and $\div 200$
		172.5		A1 accept 173 if at least M1 awarded
				Total 3 marks

<b>16</b> (a)	4 × 13 (=52) or		2	M1
	$\frac{w + x + y + z}{10} = 13$ or			
	4			
	4×13 – 33			
			-	
		19		A1
(b)	z-w = 10 or $w = 9$ or		2	M1 ft from (a)
	w = "19" - 10 or			(can be implied by 9, $x_{s}$ y, 19 <b>OR</b>
	x + y = 33 - 9 = 24			w, x, y, z with $x + y = 24$ )
		12		A1 cao
				Total 4 marks

17	(a)	15960 ÷ 5.7 × 4.6 or 15960 ÷ 5.7 (=2800)		2	M1		
			12880		A1		
	(b)	$15960 \times \frac{7.5}{100}$ oe (= 1197) 15960 - "1197"		3	M1 M1 (dep) NB Accept 129	M2 for $0.925 \times 5.7 (=5.27(25))$ AND $\frac{5.27}{5.7} \times 15960$ 380 or ans to (a) in place of 159	M2 $15960 \times \frac{92.5}{100}$ oe
			14763	-	Al		
			1.700				Total 5 marks

18	(a)	$1.5 \times \pi \text{ or } 2 \times \pi \times (1.5 \div 2)$		2	M1
			4.71		A1 4.71 - 4.72
	(b)	1000 ÷ "4.71 "		2	M1 ft from (a) (accept use of rounded answer from (a) for
					method mark only)
			212		A1
					ft from (a) provided working is shown (must round down to
					integer value)
					Total 4 marks

19	(a)	450 × 1.16 oe		2	M1	
			522		A1	
	(b)	850 ÷ 1.16 oe (= 732.76) <b>or</b> 732 – 733		3	M1	M1 for 3.50 × 1.16 (=4.06)
		"732.76" + 3.50			M1 (dep)	M1 (dep) for (850 + "4.06") ÷1.16 oe
			736.26		A1 Accept 736	- 736.3
						Total 5 marks

20	$(360-76-82-30) \div 2 = 86$ or $225.5 \div 82 (=2.75)$ or $225.5 \div 82 \times a$ where $a \neq 86$ or $225.5 \div 82 \times (360-76-82-30)$ oe (=473)		3	M1 Accept digits 2255(000) in place of 225.5 in both method marks
	225.5 ÷ 82 × "86" or 225.5 ÷ 22.7 × 23.8 or digits 236 or "473" ÷ 2			M1(dep) for complete method (NB: 82 and 86 may be converted to percentage of 360 – and then these percentages used $\frac{82}{360} = 22.7\% \text{ or } 23\% ; \frac{86}{360} = 23.8\% \text{ or } 24\% )$
		236.5		A1 oe accept 236.5 million or 236 500 000
				Total 3 marks

<b>21</b> (a)	$k^9$	1	B1	
(b)	$20y^3$	2	B2	
			(B1 for $ny^3$ , $n \neq 20$ or $20y^m$ $m \neq 3$ )	
				Total 3 marks

22	$(AB^{2} =) 6.5^{2} - 6.3^{2} (=2.56)$ $(AB =)\sqrt{6.5^{2} - 6.3^{2}} \text{ or}$ $\sqrt{2.56''}$		3	M1 M1 dep	Alternative method : M1 for finding a correct angle ( $A = 75.7; C = 14.2$ ) AND a correct trig statement with a correct angle eg. $sin 14.2 = \frac{AB}{6.5}$ M1 for making AB the subject eg. $AB = 6.5sin 14.2$
		1.6		A1	NB. 1.6 as a rounded answer eg. from 1.594 gains A0
					Total 3 marks

23	NB: If it is clear that the surface area is	s being calcu	lated th	en no marks can be awarded
	$\frac{1}{2} \times (12 + 22) \times (20 - 12)$ oe (=136)		5	M1
	12 × 12 (= 144)			M1
	"136" + "144" = 280			M1 dep on at least one previous M1 scored
	80 × "280"			M1 dep on previous M1
		22400		A1
	Alternative $\frac{1}{2} \times (12 + 22) \times (20 - 12)$ oe (=136)			M1 (may be seen within a volume calculation)
	$12 \times 12 (= 144)$			M1(may be seen within a volume calculation)
	" $136$ " × 80 = 10880 or " $144$ " × 80 = 11520			M1 dep on at least one previous M1 scored
	"10880" + "11520"			M1 dep on previous M1
		22400		A1
	Special Case : Use of 10cm for height of trapezium AND 10cm for <i>AF</i>			B3 for answer of 23200
				If not B3 then B2 for 290 × 80 <b>or</b>
				$80 \times (10 \times 12 + \frac{1}{2} \times (22 + 12) \times 10)$
				If not B2 then B1 for
				$10 \times 12 + \frac{1}{2} \times (22 + 12) \times 10 $ (= 290) or
				$10 \times 12 \times 80$ and $\frac{1}{2} \times (22 + 12) \times 10 \times 80$
				Total 5 marks

24	20 × 151 (= 3020) or		3	M1
	$12 \times 148 = (1776)$ or			
	4796			
	$(``3020'' + ``1776'') \div (12 + 20)$ or			M1 dep
	("3020" + "1776") ÷ 32			
		149.875		A1 for 149.875 rounded or truncated to 1 or more decimal places
				Accept 150 if M2 awarded
				Total 3 marks

Pearson Education Limited. Registered company number 872828 with its registered office at 80 Strand, London, WC2R 0RL, United Kingdom